## Questions

1. How many roots do the following equations have?
a. $0=\mathrm{x}^{2}$ two roots
b. $0=8 \mathrm{x}^{4}+5 \mathrm{x}^{3}+\mathrm{x}^{2}-14$ four roots
c. $\mathrm{x}^{3}-\mathrm{x}=5 \mathrm{x}^{5}+\mathrm{x}^{2}$ five roots
2. Use the Rule of Descartes to determine how many positive and negative roots each equation has.
a. $0=x^{3}+4 x^{2}-5 x-3$ one change in sign so one positive root and two times the same sign is found in succession so two negative roots
b. $0=x^{2}+6 x+2$ two times the same sign is found in succession so two negative roots.
c. $0=x^{6}-5 x^{5}+4 x^{4}-3 x^{3}+2 x^{2}-x+6$ six changes in sign so six positive roots.
3. Sketch the graph of the following equation by first creating a table of values.
a. $y=1 / 2 x-6$

| $X$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -3 | -7.5 |
| -2 | -7 |
| -1 | -6.5 |
| 0 | -6 |
| 1 | -5.5 |
| 2 | -5 |
| 3 | -4.5 |


b. $y=x^{2}+3 x-8$

| $X$ | $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -5 | 2 |
| -4 | -4 |
| -3 | -8 |
| -2 | -10 |
| -1 | -10 |
| 0 | -8 |
| 1 | -4 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 10 |


c. $y=x^{3}-5 x^{2}+7$

| X | Y |
| :---: | :---: |
| -2 | -21 |
| -1 | 1 |
| 0 | 7 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 2 | -5 |
| 3 | -11 |
| 4 | -9 |
| 5 | 7 |


4. Find the roots or the $x$-intercepts of the following equations by graphing.
a. $y=x^{2}-5 x-24$
the roots are $x=8$ and $x=-3$
b. $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{3}+8 \mathrm{x}^{2}+4 \mathrm{x}-48$
the roots are $x=-6, x=-4$ and $x=2$

